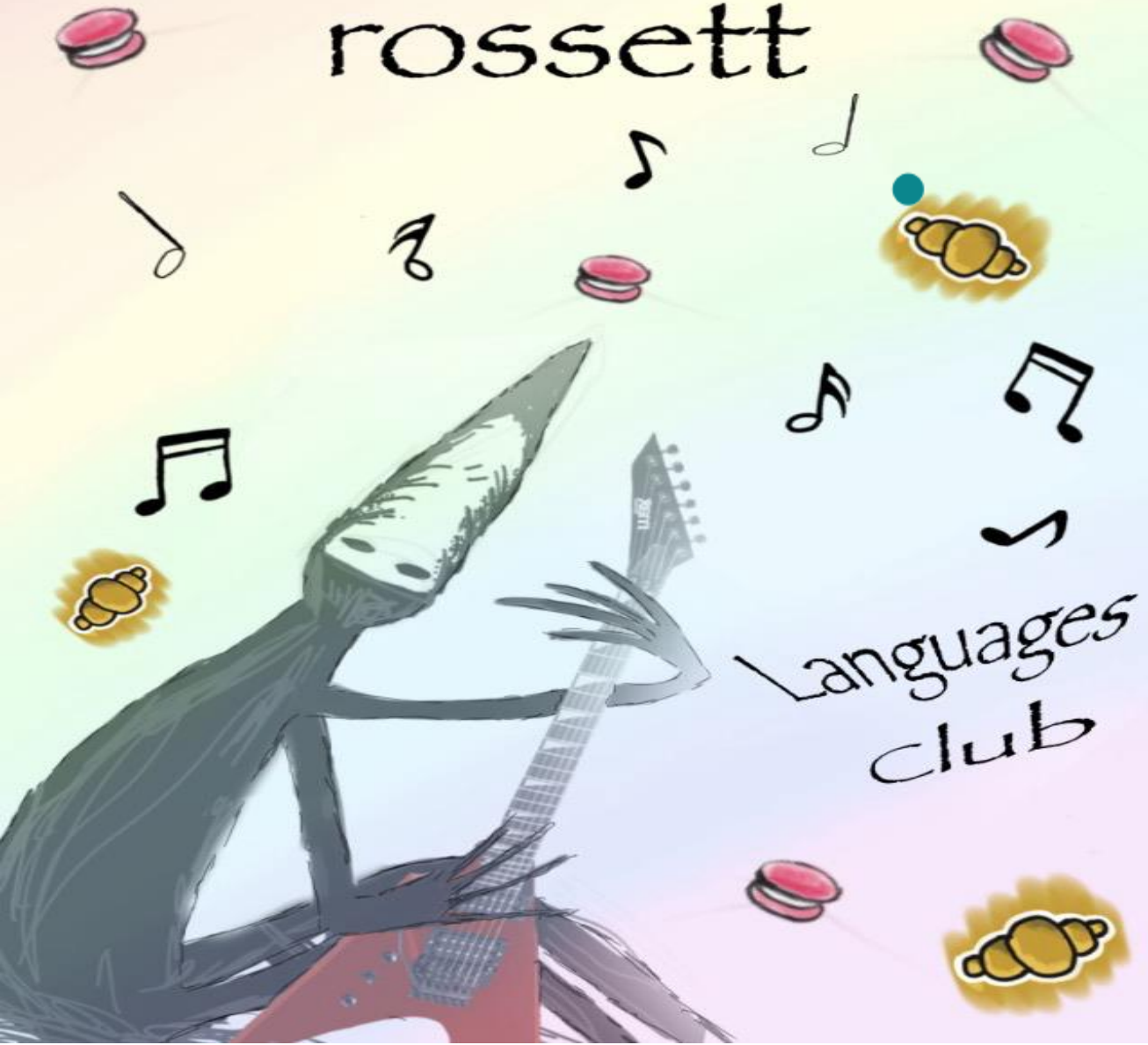
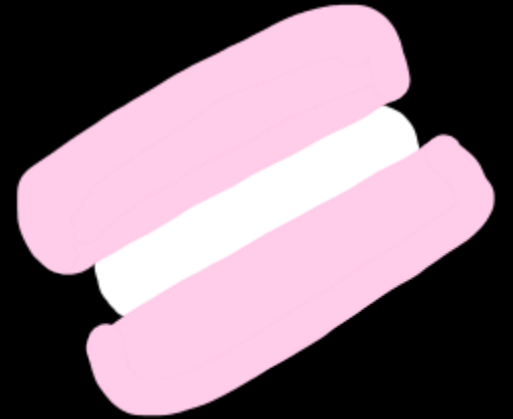


La Vida / Vie de rossett



Languages
club



Welcome to *La vie/vida de Rossettlanguages club magazine 25/26* where language, culture and creativity come alive!

This year, our magazine celebrates the universal language of **music**—a theme that has inspired us to translate songs, compete in the national **Pop Video competition** hosted by the French Institute in London, and immerse ourselves in the rhythms of festivals like *El Día de los Muertos* and *La Chandeleur*.

At Languages Club, we believe in learning through experience, and this magazine is a testament to that. Our events and activities bring traditions to life, fostering a love for language and culture. As you turn the pages, you'll discover the stories behind our musical journey, explore the voices of different singers, and uncover the rich tapestry of traditions from around the world.

So, sit back, tune in, and enjoy the melody of *La Vie/Vida de Rossett!*





European Day of Languages 26 September

EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR
MODERN LANGUAGES
CENTRE EUROPEEN POUR
LES LANGUES VIVANTES

COUNCIL OF EUROPE
CONSEIL DE L'EUROPE



It is the 25th anniversary of European day of languages and to celebrate this a competition has been launched; you need to create your own multilingual anthem with the help of ai.

For the initiative we invite videos of the resulting anthem being performed as well as the song text in the language used for the performance — a truly multilingual version of the song will be developed from the submissions!

Schools, organisations, associations and, of course, other language enthusiasts have been invited to make it a truly multilingual work by translating it to your own language!

Verso 1:

En cada corazón, una voz se encontró,
Una melodía que no conoce ataduras,
Ni de noche ni de día.

Desde las altas montañas a lo anchos océanos,
Nuestros mundos se unen, y nuestros corazones colisionan y
nutren.

A través de lenguas, aprendemos, crecemos,
un mundo de maravillas conocemos.

Juntos cantaremos, juntos nos esforzaremos,
Al son de una sinfonía
de idiomas y lenguas vivas
Pronunciadas con alegría.

Coro:

Voces de Europa, fuertes y libres,
Un tapiz de unidad visible.

A través de cada palabra, un puente construimos,
Con amor y paz, nuestros sueños unimos.

Verso 2:

Cada idioma una historia sostiene.
De risas compartidas y lágrimas lloradas.
De quien llora y de quien ríe.
Del pasado al futuro, mano en mano,
Soltamos
Una paloma

Verso 2:

Cada idioma una historia sostiene.
De risas compartidas y lágrimas lloradas.
De quien llora y de quien ríe.
Del pasado al futuro, mano en mano,
Soltamos
Una paloma
Y Celebramos esta vibrante tierra de un solo idioma.
Valoremos todos, lo viejo y la buena nueva,
los tonos, los ritmos, cada matiz que mantiene y renueva.
Un brillo de arco iris, una luz estelar,
Un mundo de voces incesantes
brillando por siempre.

Puente:

No hay frontera que no supere nuestra canción,
A cada voz, todos pertenecemos, sin temor.
Celebremos diversidad,
libertad, igualdad, fraternidad
Y por supuesto, una rica identidad.

Cierre:

Así que alza tu voz, cantemos juntos,
A medida que recorremos
Esta aventura que apenas comenzamos.
En armonía, como nuestras lenguas
siempre estaremos celebrando sin rodeos
este día
de los idiomas europeos
Y la perpetuo .

Titre : "Les Voix de l'Europe"

Couplet 1 :

Dans chaque cœur, une voix résonne,
Une mélodie qui sonne sans borne.
Des monts si hauts, des mers si larges,
Nos mots unis, nos cœurs se chargent.
Avec les langues, append, grandit,
Monde d'émerveil, on t'apprécie.
Ensemble chantons, ensemble luttons,
Une symphonie, langues en action.

Refrain :

Ta voix Europe, la liberté
Une tapisserie d'unité.
Par chaque mot, un pont construit,
Amour et paix, nos rêves produits.

Couplet 2 :

Chaque langue, histoire profonde,
Rires partagés, les larmes abondent.
Passé futur, main dans la main,
C'est la terre de demain.
Chéris tout, vieux et nouveau,
Les tons, les rythmes, l'éclat si beau.
Un arc-en-ciel, lumière d'étoile,
Monde de voix, brille et dévoile.

Pont :

Zéro frontière divise ce chant,
Chaque voix, garder son rang.
Célébrez la diversité,
L'identité, partagée.

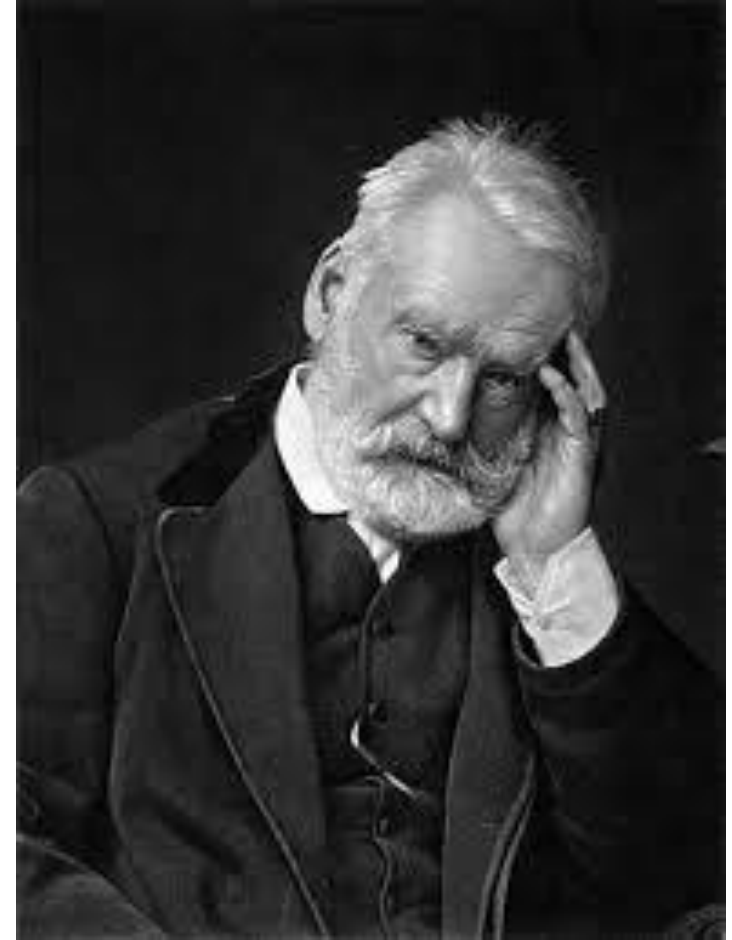
Final :

Élève ta voix, tous en chœur,
Ce voyage ne fait pas peur.
En harmonie, on commande
La journée européenne des langues.

Famous Spanish & French Writers

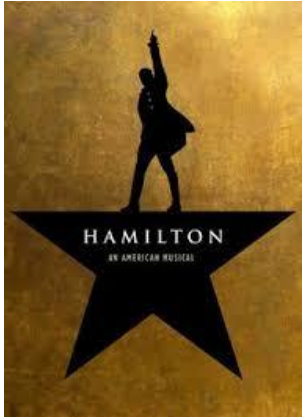


Lin Manuel Miranda



Victor Hugo

Escritor de habla hispana



Lin Manuel Miranda es un escritor musical de habla hispana, ha escrito canciones para muchos musicales y también es actor.

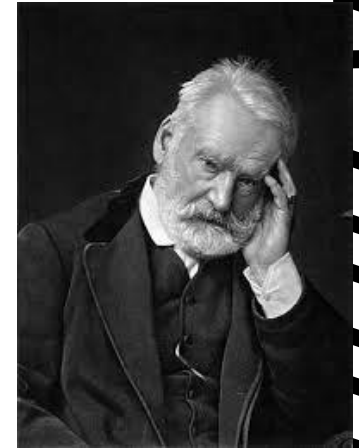
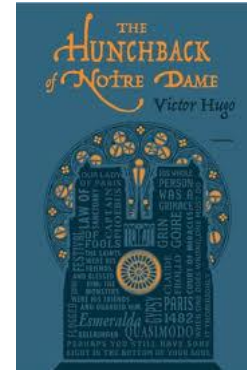
lin manuel miranda is a spanish speaking musical writer, he has wrote songs for many many musicals and is also an actor



LIN MANUEL MIRANDA

Un écrivain francophone

Les Misérables, roman de l'auteur français Victor Hugo, publié en français en 1862. Il connut un succès populaire immédiat et fut rapidement traduit en plusieurs langues.



Les Misérables, novel by French author Victor Hugo, published in French in 1862. It was an instant popular success and was quickly translated into several languages.

VICTOR HUGO

LIN MANUEL MIRANDA

Lin-Manuel Miranda is an American playwright, actor, singer, and filmmaker known for creating the Broadway musicals Hamilton and In the Heights. Born on January 16, 1980, in New York City to Puerto Rican parents, Miranda is a recipient of a Pulitzer Prize, Emmy, Grammy, and Tony Awards, and is close to achieving PEGOT status. His prolific work also includes writing music for films like Moana and Encanto, and he previously worked as an English teacher



Lin-Manuel Miranda es un dramaturgo, actor, cantante y cineasta estadounidense, conocido por crear los musicales de Broadway Hamilton e In the Heights. Nació el 16 de enero de 1980 en la ciudad de Nueva York, de padres puertorriqueños, Miranda ha recibido premios Pulitzer, Emmy, Grammy y Tony, y está a punto de alcanzar la categoría PEGOT. Su prolífica obra también incluye la composición de música para películas como Moana y Encanto, y anteriormente trabajó como profesor de inglés.



Poemas



Mi amigo bob
esponja y patrico

Best Friends



Mi amigo tiger y
osito pooh

Spanish

Estoy en la cima de la
felicidad absoluta; Todos
a mi alrededor me
muestran
sinceridad; Cantan,
bailan para ahuyentar la
tristeza; Tienes una
sonrisa enorme, feliz por
mi éxito. Pero las luces
comenzaron a
parpadear; Me conquistó
la penumbra. Todos
comienzan a
irse, empezaron a
preocuparse menos.
Pero tú me aferras con
más fuerza en medio de
mi cansancio. Ahora
puedo decir, entre mis
amigos, que tienes la
autenticidad.

English

I'm at the peak of
absolute happiness;
everyone around me
shows me sincerity;
they sing and dance
to chase away the
sadness; you have a
huge smile, happy
for my success. But
the lights began to
flicker; darkness
conquered me.
Everyone begins to
leave, they started
to care less. But you
hold me tighter in
the midst of my
weariness. Now I
can say, among my
friends, that you
have authenticity.

SPANISH AND FRENCH SPEAKING SINGERS



Rosalía



Shakira



Mylène farmer



Stromae



Selena Gomez



Enrique Iglesias



Carla Bruni



Calogero



Nom complet / Full name	Céline Marie Claudette Dion
Date de naissance / Date of birth	30 mars 1968
Lieu de naissance / Place of birth	Charlemagne, Québec, Canada
Nationalité / Nationality	Canadienne / Canadian
Langue maternelle / Mother tongue	Français / French
Profession / Profession	Chanteuse / Singer
Genre musical / Music genre	Pop, R&B, chanson française
Début de carrière / Career start	1980
Chanson la plus connue / Most famous song	My Heart Will Go On (1997)
Récompenses / Awards	5 Grammy Awards, 7 American Music Awards

Celine Dion





Shakira

Shakira Isabel Mebarak Ripoll, nacida el 2 de febrero de 1977 en Barranquilla, Colombia, es una cantante, compositora, bailarina y filántropa de renombre mundial. Comenzó su trayectoria musical a temprana edad, lanzando su primer álbum con tan solo catorce años.

Shakira Isabel Mebarak Ripoll, born on February 2, 1977, in Barranquilla, Colombia, is a globally renowned singer, songwriter, dancer, and philanthropist. She began her musical journey at a young age, releasing her first album at just fourteen.



Rosalía



ROSALÍA VILA TOBELLÀ IS A GLOBALLY ACCLAIMED SPANISH SINGER-SONGWRITER KNOWN FOR REVOLUTIONIZING FLAMENCO BY BLENDING IT WITH POP, R&B, REGGAETON, AND HIP-HOP, CREATING A UNIQUE, GENRE-BENDING SOUND. BORN NEAR BARCELONA, SHE GAINED INTERNATIONAL FAME WITH ALBUMS LIKE *EL MAL QUERER* (2018) AND *MOTOMAMI* (2022), BECOMING AN "ATYPICAL POP STAR" CELEBRATED FOR HER INNOVATIVE STYLE, POWERFUL VOCALS, AND CULTURAL IMPACT.



BIZCOCHITO
DESPECHA
BESO
CON ALTURA
ARE SOME OF HER POPULAR SONGS

Stromae



PAUL VAN HAVER (BORN 12 MARCH 1985, BRUSSELS), BETTER KNOWN BY HIS STAGE NAME STROMAE, IS A BELGIAN MUSICIAN, SINGER, RAPPER AND SONGWRITER. STROMAE WAS BORN TO A RWANDAN FATHER, PIERRE RUTARE, AND A BELGIAN MOTHER, MIRANDA MARIE VAN HAVER. HE IS ORIGINALLY FROM LAEKEN, IN BRUSSELS.



ALORS ON DANSE
MA MEILLEURE ENNEMIE
PAPAOUTAI
TOUS LES MÊMES
ARE SOME OF HIS POPULAR SONGS



Mi canción favorita –

Mis caderas no mienten por Shakira

Ay, cariño, cuando hablas así
me vuelves loca.

Así que sé inteligente (sí) y sigue (sí)
leyendo las señales de mi cuerpo (sin pelear).

Esta noche estoy lista.
Sabes que mis caderas no mienten (sin resistencia).
Y empiezo a sentirte, chico.
Vamos, despacio.

¿No lo ves, cariño? Así es perfecto.
Sabes que esta noche estoy lista, mis caderas no
mienten.
Y empiezo a sentir que está bien.
Toda la atracción, la tensión.
¿No lo ves, cariño? Esto es la perfección. (Shakira,
Shakira)

Oh

My favourite song –

Hips don't lie by Shakira

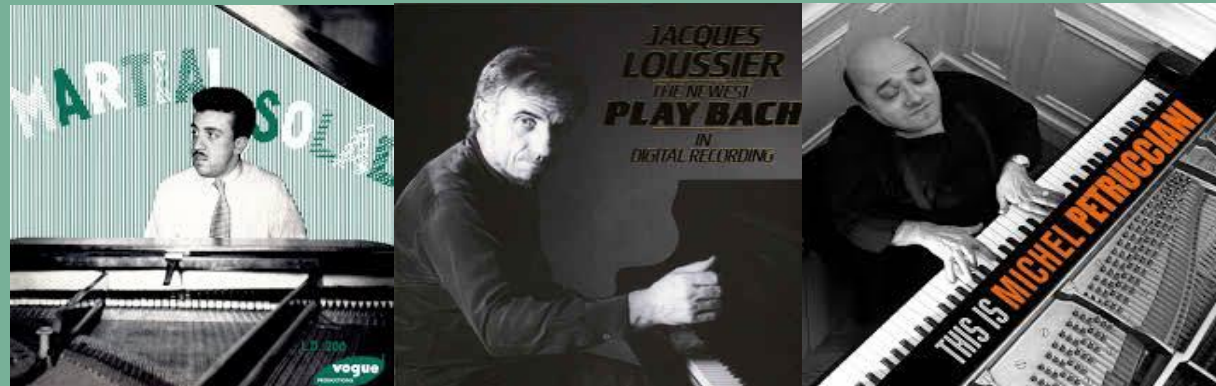
Oh, baby, when you talk like that
You make a woman go mad
So be wise (sí) and keep on (sí)
Reading the signs of my body (no fighting)

I'm on tonight
You know my hips don't lie (no fighting)
And I am starting to feel you, boy
Come on, let's go, real slow
Don't you see, baby, así es perfecto?
They know I am on tonight, my hips don't lie
And I'm starting to feel it's right
All the attraction, the tension
Don't you see, baby, this is perfection? (Shakira, Shakira)

Oh

Famous French pianist's

Among the most famous French jazz pianists, in 2000, were Martial Solal and Jacques Loussier, who were both active and celebrated, while Michel Petrucciani, though passed in 1999, was still widely regarded as one of the great pianists of his generation. Martial Solal performed in numerous small, intimate jazz clubs as well as larger festival stages over his decades-long career. The size of the audience would have varied widely for each performance, from potentially a few dozen people in a small venue to several thousand at a major festival.



Famous Spanish pianists

Isaac Albéniz, Enrique Granados, and Manuel de Falla are famous Spanish composers celebrated for pioneering Spanish musical nationalism by infusing classical music with Spanish folk traditions, folklore, and flamenco influences, creating iconic works like Albéniz's *Iberia* and Falla's *The Three-Cornered Hat*; Alicia de Larrocha is famous as a virtuoso pianist renowned for her definitive interpretations and recordings of these Spanish masters, making their music internationally famous through her Grammy-winning performances.

Some of the most famous Spanish pianists include 20th-century legend **Alicia de Larrocha**, considered by many the greatest Spanish pianist ever, alongside influential composers/performers like **Isaac Albéniz**, **Enrique Granados**, and **Manuel de Falla**, while contemporary stars like **Javier Perianes** lead the current generation.



Albeniz



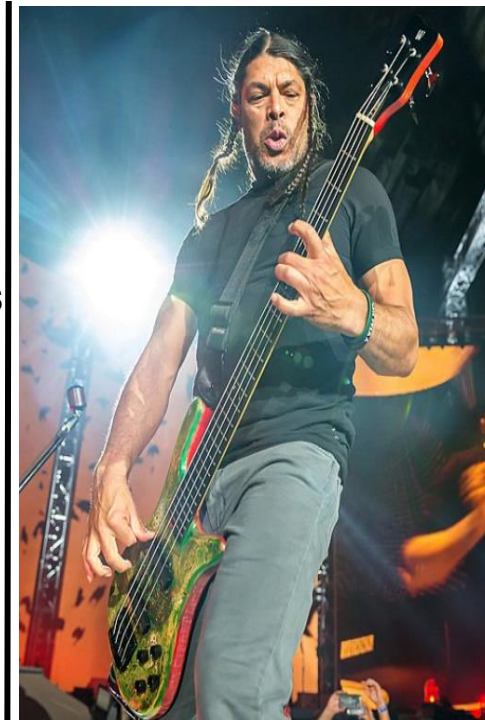
Falla



Granados



Thomas Dutronc is a French guitarist who has released multiple albums, however his most famous is his 2020 album: Frenchy. He creates 'Gypsy jazz'.



Rob Trujilio is the current bassist of the heavy metal band: Metallica. However, he has also played for Ozzy Osbourne and the band Suicidal Tendencies. He was born on October 23rd 1964, he is from Spanish descent and speaks the language fluently.

Check out this
other musicians!



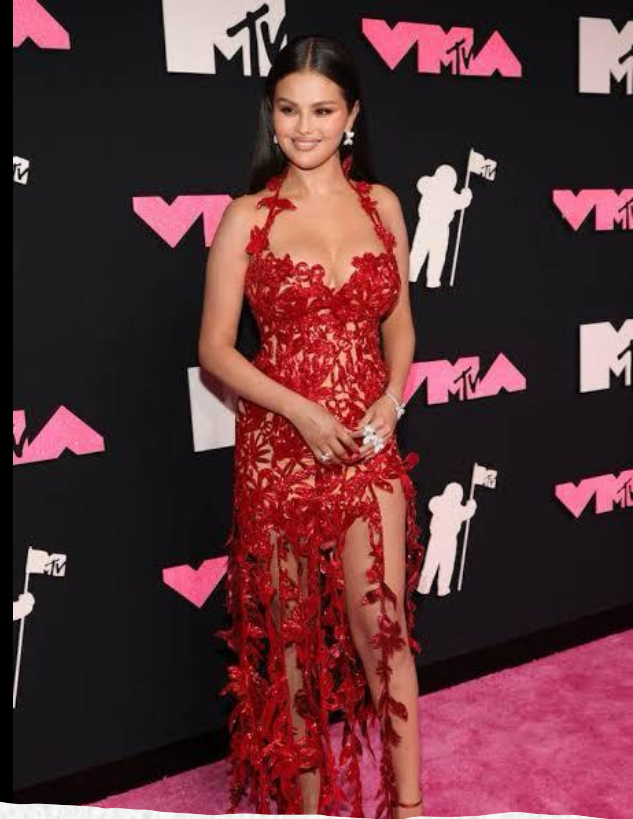
Carlos Timón is a Rock En Español musician. His notable album Solar Rapé is a mix of folk and afro-cuban. The album took him 5 years to write! "Solar" means space and "Rapé" is the Swedish word for snuff.



FRENCH SINGERS FASHION

- These pictures of Lara Fabian and Celine Dion just prove that they sure know how to rock an outfit with style!
- From Celine's flower dress to Lara's orange poof dress this shows that when you have confidence you can stun in any outfit!





SPANISH SINGERS FASHION

Shakira rocked this night out in her disco gold outfit outshining everyone in her path.

Selena Gomez sparkled her way through this special night in her ruby red dress.

Swedish celebrities and Eurovision

TAYLOR SWIFT

You might not have known this but Taylor swift comes from Swedish descent

da kanske inte vet det här, men Taylor Swift kommer av svensk härkomst.

•Greta Thunberg:

• An environmental activist who has gained international recognition.

Jake and Maggie Gyllenhaal:
Their father was of Swedish descent

Sweden's first win of Eurovision was in 1974 when ABBA sung Waterloo.

The next win of Sweden was in 1984 when Hersey's sung diggi-loo diggi-ley

Another win of a couple wins in the 90s was 1991 when Carola sung Fångad av en stormvind.

EUROVISION

Win two of the 90s was 1999 when Charlotte Nilsson sung take me to your heaven.

In 2012, Loreen sung euphoria and won.

2015: Måns Zelmerlöw Heroes

Finally in 2023 Loreen won yet again with her hit tattoo.



Austria

- Austria was last years Eurovision winner
- The song was called 'Wasted Love' and was sung by JJ (Johannes Pietsch)
- They have been to the song contest 57 times and have won 3 of them
- They won in 1966, 2014 and 2025.
- They have Europe's tallest waterfall and the second longest river.
- The Alps in Austria are a paradise for skiers and climbers



Vienna

- Vienna will host the 70th Eurovision Song Contest on May 12, 14 and 16 due to Austria winning the last Eurovision.





Bulgaria

Bulgaria was drawn to compete in the second semi-final of the Eurovision Song Contest which took place on 14 May 2026. Performing during the show in position 1, "Bangaranga" was announced among the top 10 entries of the second semi-final and therefore qualified to compete in the final on 16 May. It was later revealed that Bulgaria placed first out of the 15 participating countries in the semi-final with 278 points. In the final, Bulgaria performed in position 12 and placed first out of the 25 participating countries, winning the contest with 516 points. This marked Bulgaria's first victory in the contest, with it becoming the twenty-eighth nation to record a win.

Why Spain isn't joining

Four countries pull out of Eurovision over Israel involvement. Ireland, Spain, the Netherlands and Slovenia say they won't take part in Eurovision in 2026. They and other countries had called for a vote on whether Israel should be excluded from the competition over the war in Gaza, as well as claims of unfair voting.



Eurovision 2026

**Spain will not participate in Eurovision
for the first time in 65 years!**

Eurovision.News1

The second semi-final of the 70th Eurovision edition is one you won't want to miss on May 14, 2026. While France has already qualified directly for the final, their entrant Monroe will perform her song "Regarde !"

Artist: Monroe (Monroe Vata Rigby), a French-American soprano singer known for winning the French talent show *Prodiges* in 2025. **Song:** "Regarde !", a dramatic operatic-pop track written by Fred Savio, Fredie Marche, and the duo Violin Phonix. **Style:** The song is described as a hymn to love, blending opera and contemporary musical theatre. **Staging:** The performance in Vienna, Austria, features a 30-metre catwalk, with Monroe starting on a small podium and ending at the front of the stage, dressed in a "modern-romantic" white outfit. **Status:** As part of the "Big Four," France automatically qualifies for the Grand Final on May 16, 2026



Our Eurovision song

Our Eurovision song was einz vie drie by look mum no computer . We came last with 1 point from Ukraine .

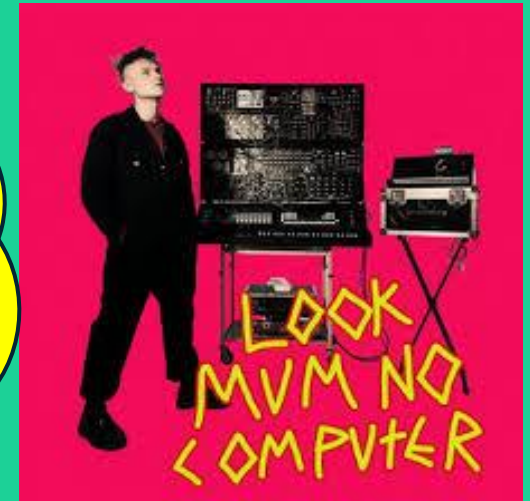


EUROVISION 2026

1		BULGARIA	516	10		GREECE	220	18		MALTA	89
2		ISRAEL	343	11		FRANCE	158	19		CYPRUS	75
3		ROMANIA	296	12		POLAND	150	20		SWEDEN	51
4		AUSTRALIA	287	13		ALBANIA	145	21		BELGIUM	36
5		ITALY	281	14		NORWAY	134	22		LITHUANIA	22
6		FINLAND	279	15		CROATIA	124	23		GERMANY	12
7		DENMARK	243	16		CZECHIA	113	24		AUSTRIA	6
8		MOLDOVA	226	17		SERBIA	90	25		UNITED KINGDOM	1
9		UKRAINE	221								

EUROVISIONWORLD

DID YOU KNOW !
That our Eurovision song had more german words than the german song Fire



French Pop Video Competition

Presentation handbook



Et toi et toi François?

We decided to enter the national pop competition from the French institute in London

- We created the song
- Original beat on garage band
- Practised in class
- Took time with the music department with musical instrument and vocals
- We recorded it
- We put a huge amount of work into designing pictures and creating the videos, getting to grips with the software.



Culture and Traditions



The background of the image is the flag of Sweden, featuring a blue field with a golden-yellow Scandinavian cross. The cross is centered and extends to the edges of the frame. The word "Sweden" is written in white, sans-serif font, centered within the cross.

Sweden

SWEDISH FOODS, WORDS AND MORE



WHY I LEARNT SWEDISH.

Hej! I'm Cora in year 7 and I want to tell you why I chose to learn Swedish. I personally chose to learn Swedish and here's why.

I had a friend who joined my Primary School in year 2 and we were really close. She was from Sweden. She did speak English. In year 4 she left my school and went back to Sweden. Up until a few months ago I only stayed in touch with her through English. In around March this year I installed Duolingo and chose to do a Swedish course on it. Ever since I have texted her in basic Swedish sentences. I am not fluent yet but I would like to become fluent.

Cora E

Swedish Foods



Semla:
Dessert



Swedish meatballs
(köttbullar):
Savoury main
traditionally served
with lingonberry jam



Potato pancakes
(råraka):
Savoury food

Swedish words and their meanings:

Hej - Hi

Tack - please

Tack så mycket – thanks so much

Va heter du? – What is your name?

Ja heter – my name is

México

- Día de muertos
- Pan de muerto
- Paper flowers (Cempasúchil)



Celebramos el día de muertos

- The Languages Club has been working hard on their latest magazine and have been enthusiastic about celebrating 'El Día de los Muertos', the Day of the Dead, which originates from ancient Mesoamerican traditions, particularly those of the Aztecs who honoured the dead with month-long rituals. It is now celebrated primarily on 1st and 2nd November in Mexico and by communities worldwide and is a vibrant, joyful tribute to deceased loved ones and the belief that the spirits return to reunite with the living during these days.
- The Club created their own ofrenda with cempasúchil and velas, and cuadros inspired by family members they wanted to remember (and characters from Coco!). They also ate plenty of caramelos too!



Pan de Muerto

• Directions

- Gather the ingredients.
- To make the bread: Heat milk and butter in a medium saucepan over low heat until butter melts. Remove from heat and add warm water. Mixture should be around 110 degrees F (43 degrees C).
- Combine 1 cup flour, sugar, anise seed, yeast, and salt in a large bowl. Beat in warm milk mixture, then add eggs and orange zest; beat until well combined. Stir in 1/2 cup flour and continue adding more flour until dough is soft.
- Turn dough out onto a lightly floured surface; knead until smooth and elastic. Place dough into a lightly greased bowl. Cover with plastic wrap and let rise in a warm place until doubled in size, 1 to 2 hours.
- Punch dough down and shape into a large round loaf with a round knob on top. Place dough onto a baking sheet; loosely cover with plastic wrap. Let rise in a warm place until just about doubled in size, about 1 hour.
- Preheat the oven to 350 degrees F (175 degrees C). Bake in the preheated oven until golden brown, 35 to 45 minutes. Cool slightly before brushing with glaze.
- To make the glaze: Combine 1/4 cup sugar, orange juice, and orange zest in a small saucepan. Bring to a boil over medium heat and boil for 2 minutes.
- Brush glaze over top of warm bread. Sprinkle with 2 tablespoons sugar.

• Bread:

- ¼ cup milk
- ¼ cup butter
- ¼ cup warm water (110 degrees F/45 degrees C)
- 3 cups all-purpose flour
- ¼ cup white sugar
- 2 teaspoons anise seed
- 1 ¼ teaspoons active dry yeast

• ½ teaspoon salt

- 2 large eggs, beaten
- 1 tablespoon orange zest

• Glaze:

- ¼ cup white sugar
- ¼ cup orange juice
- 2 teaspoons orange zest
- 2 tablespoons white sugar



How to make our cempasúchil

1. Prepare the paper: Stack six to eight sheets of tissue paper on top of each other. The size of the sheets will determine the size of your flower.

2. Fold accordion-style: Starting from the short end, make a consistent 1/2-inch to 1-inch fold. Flip the entire stack over and fold again, continuing this back-and-forth accordion (or concertina) folding until the entire length of the paper is folded.

3. Secure the center: Tightly wrap a pipe cleaner or floral wire around the exact center of your folded paper stack. Twist it securely to hold the shape and leave a long end to use as a stem.

4. Shape the ends: Use your scissors to cut the edges of the folded paper into a specific shape.

1. For a traditional, spiky cempasúchil look, cut the ends into a triangular or pointed shape.
2. For a softer, pom-pom look, cut the ends into a rounded or half-circle shape.

5. Fluff the petals: Gently fan out the folds. Carefully begin to separate each individual layer of tissue paper from the others, pulling them upward and towards the center. Be careful not to tear the delicate paper.

6. Form the flower: Continue fluffing all layers until a full, round marigold shape is formed. Adjust the petals as needed to achieve your desired volume and look.

• Materials Needed

- Orange or yellow tissue paper/crepe paper sheets (multiple sheets per flower)
- Scissors
- Pipe cleaner or floral wire (for the stem/center)



France



La galette des rois

- **Epiphany Celebration:** It is traditionally served on January 6th to celebrate the Christian feast of the Epiphany, which commemorates the arrival of the Three Kings (Wise Men) to see baby Jesus.
- **Pagan Roots:** The tradition's origins are much older, tracing back to the ancient Roman festival of Saturnalia, where a bean was hidden in a cake to choose a "king for the day," a time when social roles were temporarily reversed.
- **Widespread Popularity:** Around 50 million *galettes des rois* are sold in France every year, and the tradition is celebrated by the vast majority of French people, regardless of religious background.
- **Variations:** The most common version in Northern France is a round, flaky puff pastry filled with *frangipane* (almond cream). In Southern France, a different version called the *gâteau des rois* or *brioche des rois* is a crown-shaped brioche cake decorated with candied fruits and pearl sugar.



Spain



+

o

El roscon de reyes

- **The *Fève*:** A small charm, called a *fève* (literally "bean"), is hidden inside the cake. Originally a real fava bean, it has evolved into tiny porcelain or plastic figurines, which are often collectible items (*fabophiles* collect them).

- **The King or Queen:** The person whose slice contains the *fève* is declared the king or queen for the day and gets to wear a golden paper crown, which typically comes with the cake when purchased from a bakery.

- **Ensuring Fairness:** To ensure the distribution is impartial, the youngest person present traditionally sits under the table and calls out the name of the person who should receive each slice of the cut cake.

- ***La Part du Pauvre*:** Historically, the cake was cut into the number of guests plus one extra slice, known as the "poor man's slice" or "God's slice," which was set aside for the first poor person who might pass by



Our celebration of the kings cake

Scarlet was the youngest so she went under the table and chose which slice of cake each person got



• On the 9th of January we all collected together and celebrated the king cake but it is usually on the 6th of January



Georgia was the one to get the little sheep in the cake meaning that she will get the crown

A stylized, artistic illustration of a globe. The globe is rendered in shades of blue, green, and brown, with various world landmarks and airplanes scattered across it. In the center, the Eiffel Tower is prominent. To the left, the Statue of Liberty stands. To the right, the Leaning Tower of Pisa is visible. Other landmarks include the Taj Mahal, the Great Pyramids, and the Sphinx. Several airplanes are shown flying across the sky above the globe. The overall style is painterly and whimsical.

Trips across the world

Florance Paris



- I went to Disneyland Paris last year.
- I went with my family and my best friend and her family . It was the first time I went on an airplane.



Musée d'Orsay

- The Musée d'Orsay in Paris, housed in a stunning former Beaux-arts railway station on the Seine's left bank, is a renowned art museum showcasing French art from 1848 to 1914, most famous for its unparalleled collection of impressionist and post-impressions masterpieces by artists like Monet, Renoir and Van Gogh.

Rosa bonheur

- Rosa bonheur was a highly successful 19th-century French painter , renowned for her realistic and detailed animal paintings , notably The horse fair as shown in the bottom right becoming a leading figure in the animal painting. Her arts are showcased at musée d'Orsay the national gallery and the national museum of woman arts.





Louvre Heist
In 7 Minutes, Four Thieves
Used a Winch Lift to Steal the
Louvre's Crown Jewels

Louvre museum in Paris.

- The Louvre is the largest art museum in the world, began as a 12-century fortress and royal palace before opening a public museum in 1793. Seeing as though how many valuable items in there (including the Mona Lisa) it was robbed quite recently in October 19 2025. They used cranes and other tools to break through the ceiling and steel 88 million pounds worth of jewelry. And they managed to get away on scooters.

Art in Spain



Spanish art is influenced by Moorish heritage and powerful Catholic history, producing masters like Velázquez, Goya, Picasso, and Dalí who shaped movements from Baroque to Cubism and Surrealism, with iconic works such as Guernica, Las Meninas, and The Third of May 1808

Spanish art is renowned for its intense emotion, deep religious themes, dramatic realism, and unique cultural blend, influenced by Moorish heritage and powerful Catholic history, producing masters like Velázquez, Goya, Picasso, and Dalí who shaped movements from Baroque to Cubism and Surrealism, with iconic works such as Guernica, Las Meninas, and The Third of May 1808

Goya, and El Greco, is primarily housed at the [Museo del Prado](#) (Prado Museum) in Madrid, Spain.



French crochet

- **Eléonore Riego de la Branchardière (1828–1887):** Known as the "Mother of Modern Crochet," she was a French-Irish designer who published the very first book of crochet patterns, *Knitting, Crochet and Netting*, in 1846 at age 18. She revolutionized the craft by moving it from functional, plain work to intricate, artistic designs, and was highly influential in Victorian fashion



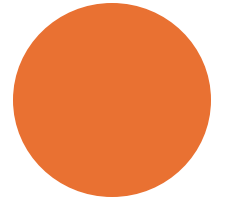
Spanish crochet

- **Crochet Canopies (Toldos):** A major trend in Southern Spain (specifically Malaga) involves local, often older women creating massive, colorful, and intricate crochet awnings or canopies to provide shade for shopping streets in towns like Alhaurín de la Torre. These projects can span hundreds of square meters, sometimes featuring detailed imagery.



Crochet

- To start crocheting, make a slip knot, form a foundation chain by looping yarn over your hook and pulling through, then learn the basic single crochet stitch (SC) by inserting the hook into the second chain, yarn over (YO), pull up a loop (2 loops on hook), YO again, and pull through both loops to complete the stitch, repeating across the row and turning to create subsequent rows, keeping your tension even for consistent stitches



Kosovo independence



public gatherings at the [Newborn Monument](#) in Pristina, where the sculpture is often decorated with the flags of countries that recognize Kosovo. Other traditions include parades, concerts featuring local musicians and artists, flag displays, fire works and ceremonies. Families often dress children in traditional clothing, and national pride is displayed through the flying of both the [Kosovo flag](#) and the [Albanian flag](#)



Kosovo was classified as a country in February 18 2008 and every year they celebrate their independence



Kosovo's alphabet

A a	B b	C c	Ç ç	D d	Dh dh	E e	Ë ë	F f
a	bë	cë	çë	dë	dhë	e	ë	fë
[a]	[b]	[ts]	[tʃ]	[d]	[ð]	[ɛ]	[ə]	[f]
G g	Gj gj	H h	I i	J j	K k	L l	Ll ll	M m
gë	gjë	hë	i	jë	kë	lë	llë	më
[g]	[ʝ]	[h]	[i, j]	[j]	[k]	[l]	[l]	[m]
N n	Nj nj	O o	P p	Q q	R r	Rr rr	S s	Sh sh
në	një	o	pë	që	rë	rrë	së	shë
[n]	[ɲ]	[ɔ]	[p]	[c]	[r]	[r]	[s]	[ʃ]
T t	Th th	U u	V v	X x	Xh xh	Y y	Z z	Zh zh
të	thë	u	vë	xë	xhë	y	zë	zhë
[t]	[θ]	[u]	[v]	[ɬ]	[ɬ]	[y]	[z]	[ʒ]

Did you know that the Kosovo alphabet doesn't have the letter w

Kosovo music





Kosova'n flee recipe

- Flee
- 5 cups of flower
- 5 eggs
- 2 tablespoons of salt
- 3 ¼ to 3 ¾ cups of milk or water
- 8 once's of sour cream
- 1 stick of butter
- Olive oil



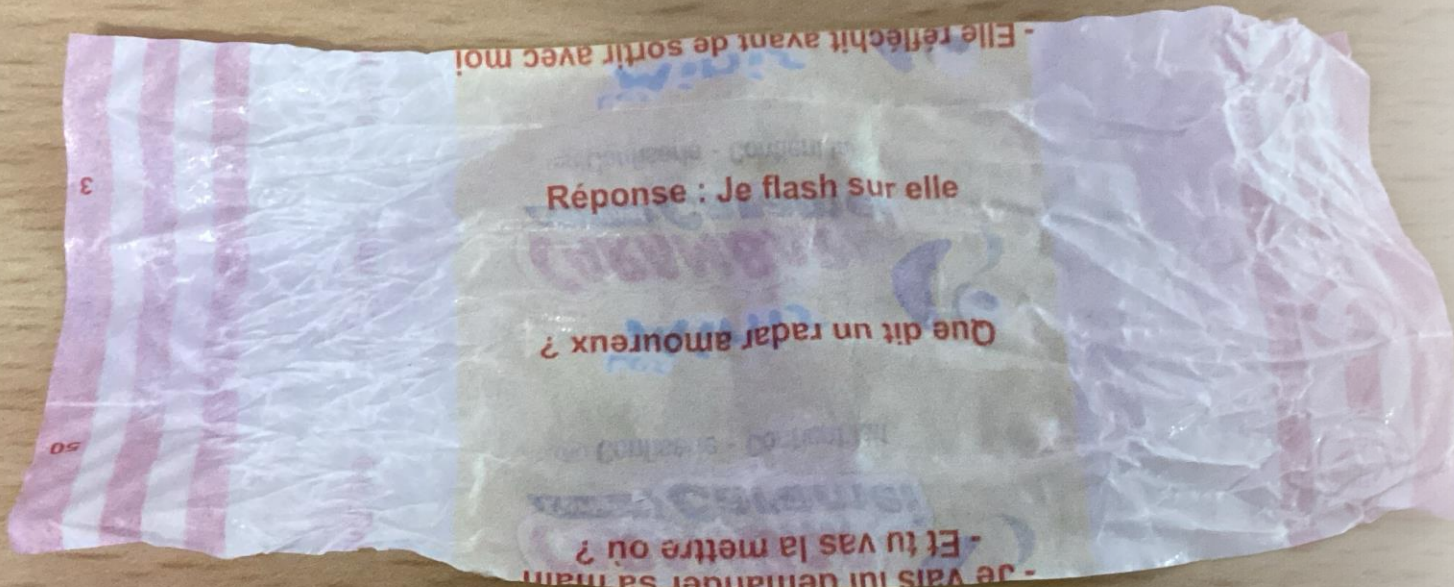
Basic words in Kosova

- Kosova words
- Tung
- Meřdíta
- Luap
- Magyar
- Zogi
- Zemren
- Doran
- English words
- Good bye/ hello
- Good afternoon
- Cow
- Donkey
- Bird
- Heart
- hand

Kosovan Holva recipe

- Flour
- Vegetable Oil
- Butter
- Almonds(or other nuts)
- Water
- Sugar





Carambar

- The Carambar was born from a happy accident in 1954 at the Delepaul-Havez factory in Marcq-en-Barouel near Lille when a production mix up involving caramel and cocoa created log chewy bar quickly named the carambar intinly wrapped with a little joke inside to represent its silly personality.

French and Spanish games

Name: _____ Date: _____

La Musique vocab

S C R Z N G U I T A R E C L A S S I Q U E R G W
 E M P P K D R L C Z R N C M U A Q L M D M Z Y M
 U S R D X D I I V V M W N P O P U L A I R E B G
 Q S T A U V S A X O P H O N E T T E P M O R T X
 I P G E O B L N P I A N O H A Y Q R A Z J A R F
 R K P R B R H X U L P G T O F C M H U N Z H I L
 T B K D U L N M P P U C D X V D E M E H S X A D
 C H X N L U D Z D Q I E I R E T T A B Q N N N A
 E Q B E U A X Z T T W S Q U V R Y R Q X C D G E
 L G G R J E B P C F S Y N T H E T I S E U R Z N
 E U V P T H A S E D D E P M Y T C O R L Q V A L
 E Z V P F R S K J K K H J O J A O Y T N E N X O
 R O C A E Y S E I K O K N P D L C G O J O G X G
 A T Z W D G E Y L E S P A R O L E S L L J C I S
 T S U N A L B U M J G S R F K Q B L O F F I R B
 I S E E N N A S E L S N A D U W L I E R O N P I
 U E W R H Y D N T D Q M I A R D V Z R B P E N X
 G U W E R U V P V V Y U V J Y Q O E P R T F U R
 T R D U R Q M T B F E F U N L E C T E U R O R L
 X U Q M V H S P L R U E T N A H C N U X M S E F
 E K J D Y J R Z K W F F N C C H Q J U C C Q N M
 X Y F S C A V U N P I A N I S T E U R Z S I G B
 F P E F R O C R E A T I F X F L Z D X K I Z A F
 J H W X B G K P B L I K E C W F N Y V Y T L G Y

guitare électrique	guitare classique	dans les années	gagner un prix
synthétiseur	un pianiste	un chanteur	les paroles
un lecteur	apprendre	saxophone	trompette
populaire	un album	batterie	créatif
lancer	violon	piano	basse

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____



SPANISH Musical Instruments



Word Search

G U I T A R R A A R M Ó N I C A S
 B C L A R I N E T E G A I T A S E
 A S T M A N D O L I N A F A G O T
 J E U B A T E R Í A S A X O F Ó N
 O T B O Ó R G A N O F L A U T Í N
 S V A R C O R N E T A S T A R P A
 P I A N O M T E C L A D O S T E S
 G O B O E P A N D E R E T A E T I
 O L S E T E X I L Ó F O N O S G T
 N Í E T S T R O M B Ó N S E T E S
 G N S F L A U T A S T R O M P A E
 V I O L O N C H E L O S V I O L A

Directions : Translate the below words into Spanish and then circle the words in the blanks in the letters above.

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| _____ Piano | _____ Flute | _____ Cello |
| _____ Guitar | _____ Oboe | _____ Tambourine |
| _____ Drum | _____ Piccolo | _____ Harp |
| _____ Drums | _____ Saxophone | _____ Viola |
| _____ Trumpet | _____ Bass Guitar | _____ Horn |
| _____ Organ | _____ Harmonica | _____ Gong |
| _____ Violin | _____ Mandolin | _____ Xylophone |
| _____ Clarinet | _____ Cornet | _____ Keyboard |
| _____ Tuba | _____ Bagpipes | |
| _____ Trombone | _____ Bassoon | |