

# La Vida Vie de

Rossett



Amir B  
Akshaya B  
Natasha B  
Rebecca C  
Kate C  
Lily C  
Emilie C  
Victoria G  
Sophie H  
Toby H  
Leah K  
Eliza M  
Sophia M  
Leto S  
Emma W  
Georgia W

# Fashion in Spain and France

## Spain

The flamenco dress is not just a piece of clothing; it is an expression of the culture, history and traditions of Andalusia. It represents the joy, colour and passion of Andalusian fiestas and fairs, and remains a symbol of Andalusian identity throughout the world.



El vestido tiene falda larga de volantes y cola.

## France

The men's costumes include broad-brimmed hats, embroidered waistcoats (vests), and short jackets. Women wear dresses and elaborately decorated aprons. The most distinctive feature of the women's costume is the elaborate lace headgear, which is generally called a coiffe (kwaff).



D



La robe a de grandes manches et une jupe large

French fashion designer

## Coco Chanel

Coco Chanel was born on the 19<sup>th</sup> August 1883 in Samur, France and died on the 10<sup>th</sup> January 1971, making her 87 years old.



### Fiche technique de Coco Chanel

Point clé	Description
<b>Nom complet</b>	Gabrielle Bonheur Chanel
<b>Date de naissance</b>	19 août 1883
<b>Lieu de naissance</b>	Saumur, France
<b>Surnom</b>	Coco
<b>Innovations majeures</b>	Chanel est célèbre pour avoir popularisé le style chic et décontracté après la Première Guerre mondiale. Elle a introduit des tissus comme le jersey dans la haute couture et a créé des pièces iconiques comme le tailleur



Her real name was Gabrielle. She was a French designer and business woman. She is the only fashion designer listed on time magazines list of the 100 most influential people of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. Chanel extended her influence beyond couture clothing into jewellery, handbags, and fragrance. Her signature scent; Chanel no.5 has become an iconic product and Chanel herself designed the interlocked cc monogram, which has been used since the 1920s.



Spanish fashion designer

## Adolfo Domínguez

He was born on the 14<sup>th</sup> May 1950, making him 74 years old. He won the National Designer prize in 2014.



### Ficha técnica de Adolfo Domínguez

Punto clave	Descripción
<b>Nombre completo</b>	Adolfo Domínguez Fernández
<b>Fecha de nacimiento</b>	14 de mayo de 1950
<b>Lugar de nacimiento</b>	España
<b>Educación</b>	Estudió Filosofía y Artes, especializándose en Arte en la Universidad de Santiago
<b>Premios</b>	Ganó el Premio Nacional de Diseño en 2014
<b>Estilo</b>	Conocido por su enfoque minimalista y estética atemporal, profundamente arraigada en la simplicidad

He took over his fathers fashion boutique in Ourense in the early 1970s. He made a big jump in 1981 and gave a presentation of his work, in Madrid.

He became the first Spanish designer to open his own brand name store in Madrid, which grew into a chain of outlets across Spain and abroad.

# Selena Gomez

Nombre: Selena Gomez  
(name)

Edad : treinta y dos años  
( age)

Cumpleaños : veintidós de junio  
1992  
( birthday )

5 biggest hits

"It Ain't Me" (with Kygo),  
"We Don't Talk Anymore"  
(with Charlie Puth),  
"Wolves" (with  
Marshmello), "Lose You To  
Love Me",  
"Back To You"

Later life

Selena Gomez is half Mexican half American and grew up speaking Spanish. Selena Gomez has released several songs featuring Spanish, including "De Una Vez," "Baila Conmigo," and collaborations with other artists like "Taki Taki," "999," and "Ojos Tristes." Additionally, she has remakes of songs in Spanish, like "Un Año Sin Lluvia," a Spanish version of her song "A Year Without Rain".

Baila conmigo" translates to "Dance with me

De Una Vez translates to At once

Ojos Triste translated to sad eyes



Selena Gomez's acting

Selena Gomez was 15 years old when Wizards of Waverly Place premiered in October 2007. She was playing the role of Alex Russo on the show she was 16 years old in the second series . 5 years later Selena Gomez voiced Mavis in hotel Transylvania . In between that time she started singing at 16.

# Foreign horse riders

## French riders

The equestrian events at the 2024 Summer Olympics in Paris were run from 27 July to 6 August at the Palace of Versailles, featuring 200 riders across three disciplines for both individual and team competitions, namely dressage, eventing, and jumping. Men and women compete together on equal terms.

The best ever French riders were called Morgan Barbançon riding Sir Donner hall II but the most famous horse rider was François Robichon de la Guérinière.

Fue un maestro de equitación francés entre 1688 y 1751 y tuvo una profunda influencia en los métodos aceptados para montar a caballo.



## Versailles

Versailles is a beautiful horse riding palace which is renowned for its parfait horse riding performances.

The Versailles great and small stables were commissioned by Louis XIV to accommodate the household's horses and became the greatest royal construction project for housing horses ever undertaken. These stables are still used today for the Versailles equestrian horse show.

The main types of horse breed at Versailles are the white Lusitanians, the favourite breed of Louis XIV, the sun king.

housed an overwhelming number of over 2,000 horses. A portion of the horses were then moved to other royal residences or in other locations in Versailles.<sup>10</sup>

The show at Versailles is approximately 1 hour long and is followed by a free tour of the Grande Écurie.

If you want to see an amazing show then go to watch the Versailles night show. You will be seduced by the baroque music and the light shows performed in the wonderful gardens of Versailles Palace



# Spanish horse riders

Spanish horse riding boasts a rich history. It is a famous sport among many Spanish citizens. It is deeply rooted in history and tradition, with a strong emphasis on the Andalusian horse breed and the Doma Vaquera riding style

Francisco Goyoaga and José Álvarez de Bohórquez. Goyoaga being the 1953 Individual World Champion and Bohorquez winning individual silver at the 1966 World Championships.

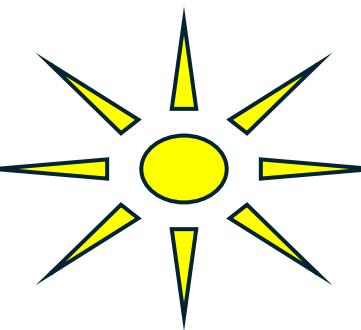
Manolo Mendez is also renowned for his expertise in traditional Spanish

Horse riding in Spain is distinguished by its deep-rooted cultural connection to horses, the prevalence of the Andalusian breed, and the popularity of traditional riding styles like Doma Vaquera.



Quick quiz:

What is the most popular horse breed used in Spanish horse riding



Spain offers numerous opportunities for horseback riding, including trails through natural parks, historical haciendas, and along scenic routes like the Camí de Cavalls in Menorca. Spain offers diverse and scenic horse riding trails, from the mountains of the Pyrenees and Sierra Nevada to the beaches of Costa de la Luz and the unique landscapes of Doñana National Park.

A form of bullfighting on horseback, showcasing the agility and skill of both horse and rider. Bull fighting is a form of horse riding and is the main attraction in Spain!!!

# ESPAÑOL gimnasia



# gymnastique française

Spain	Thierno Diallo	22 de noviembre 2000 (aged 23)
	Nicolau Mir	10 de mayo 2000 (aged 24)
	Joel Plata	20 de marzo 1998 (aged 26) b
	Rayderley Zapata	26 de mayo 1993 (aged 31)



Spain

France	Marine Boyer	22 mai 2000 (24 ans)
	Coline Devillard	9 octobre 2000 (23 ans)
	Mélanie de Jesus dos Santos	5 mars 2000 (24 ans)
	Morgane Osysssek	15 décembre 2002 (21 ans)



France

French  
competitors:

Leon Marchand: This amazing French swimmer won 4 gold medals. Including 200m lengths.

Clarisse Agbegnenou: This outstanding judoka won 2 medals, one being gold, one become bronze. She got the gold for a mixed team event.

Barthelemy Chinenyeze: This particular French competitor brought home gold for the volleyball.



# Paris Olympic Games

Spanish  
competitors:

Alex Beana  
Pablo Barrois  
Adrian bernabe  
Sergio Camello  
Pau cubarsi  
Eric Garcia  
Joan Garcia  
Sergio Gomez

Médaille d'argent	Spain women's national 3x3 team Gracia Alonso de Armiño Juana Camilión Vega Gimeno Sandra Ygueravide	Basketball
Médaille d'argent	Ayoub Ghadfa	Boxing
Médaille de bronze	Francisco Garrigós	Judo
Médaille de bronze	Álvaro Martín	Athletics



# Tournoi des six nations:

La France est victorieuse

<b>Nom complet</b>	Antoine Dupont
<b>Date de naissance</b>	15 novembre 1996
<b>Poste</b>	Demi de mêlée
<b>Club actuel</b>	Stade Toulousain
<b>Équipe nationale</b>	France (capitaine)
<b>Coupe du Monde de Rugby</b>	Figure clé de l'équipe de France, l'un des joueurs les plus influents du tournoi.
<b>Jeux Olympiques de Paris 2024</b>	Médaille d'or en rugby à sept, performance exceptionnelle tout au long du tournoi.
<b>Récompenses individuelles</b>	Meilleur Joueur World Rugby de l'année en 2021 et Meilleur Joueur World Rugby de rugby à sept en 2024.
<b>Succès en club</b>	Cinq titres de Top 14 et deux Coupes d'Europe de rugby à XV avec le Stade Toulousain.

France won with only one point difference. They also lost their best player one game before their last game due to an ACL/hamstring injury.



Team	P	W	D	L	PD	B	Pts
1  France	5	4	0	1	125	5	21
2  England	5	4	0	1	74	4	20
3  Ireland	5	4	0	1	18	3	19
4  Scotland	5	2	0	3	-16	3	11
5  Italy	5	1	0	4	-82	1	5
6  Wales	5	0	0	5	-119	3	3

# FC Barcelona

Más El FC Barcelona es un club de fútbol profesional español con sede en Barcelona, Cataluña. Fue fundada en 1899 por Joan Gamper



90,354 people  
can fit in the  
Barcelona  
stadium



## Overview

FC Barcelona, also known as Barça, is one of the most successful and popular football clubs in the world, founded in 1899 by Joan Gamper. The club is renowned for its distinctive style of play, its strong ties to Catalan identity, and its commitment to youth development. Barcelona has won numerous domestic and international titles, including 26 La Liga titles and 5 Champions League titles

FC Barcelona has an estimated global fan base of over 400 million people



Barcelona don't  
just have a  
football team  
they also have a  
basketball,  
handball, and  
roller hockey

# Paris Saint-Germain F.C.

The famous Paris Saint-Germain F.C. is a great football club with many successes such as league 1 titles, "coupe de France" and "coupe de la ligue". However their most recent achievement is the famous 24/25 UEFA Champions League.



While it sounds great, there has been aggressive riots towards players and their fans and it has resulted in multiple injuries. The incidents were so severe that cars were set on fire and walls were vandalised. Recent reports state that there has been around 190 injuries and over 500 arrests.

## Fondation

Le Paris Saint-Germain a été fondé en 1970 suite à la fusion du Paris FC et du Stade Saint-Germain.

Le PSG joue ses matchs à domicile au Parc des Princes, un stade d'une capacité de 48 000 places situé dans le 16e arrondissement de Paris.

## Stade

Le club est surnommé "Les Rouge-et-Bleu" en raison des couleurs de son maillot, qui incluent également le blanc.

## Surnom

Depuis 2011, le PSG est majoritairement détenu par le fonds d'investissement Qatar Sports Investments, soutenu par le gouvernement qatari.

## Propriété

Le PSG est le club de football le plus populaire de France, représentant 22 % de la base de fans du pays, et l'un des clubs les plus suivis au monde avec environ 35 millions de fans.

## Popularité

# Dia de los Reyes magos

Three king day is a day of celebration, celebrating the day when the three wise men first saw baby Jesus and gave him gifts (gold, incense and myrrh).



Three Kings day is also known as epiphany or theophany



Celebrations vary throughout the country, but here's how to celebrate Three Kings' Day in Madrid!

Traditionally speaking, **Spanish children don't receive their Christmas gifts until the 6th of January** (Day of the Epiphany), when The Three Kings (Los Reyes Magos) travel all over the country delivering presents.

Nowadays, more and more families in Spain are welcoming Santa Claus to their houses and starting to [exchange gifts on Christmas Day](#) as well.

However, that doesn't mean they're forgetting about Three Kings' Day (Día de Los Reyes Magos). Quite the opposite! As a matter of fact, this day remains the traditional gift-giving day in Spain

# Roscón de Reyes



Roscón de Reyes is a traditional Spanish sweet bread typically enjoyed on Epiphany, or Three Kings' Day, on January 6th. It is shaped like a ring and often decorated with candied fruits and a dusting of sugar, resembling a crown. The bread can be filled with whipped cream, chocolate, or other sweet fillings, and sometimes contains small surprises or figurines hidden inside.

## Receta de Roscón de Reyes:

Mezcla 500g de harina, 100g de azúcar, 2 huevos, 100g de mantequilla, 20g de levadura, y un poco de agua y ralladura de naranja hasta obtener una masa homogénea.

1. Deja reposar la masa hasta que doble su tamaño.
2. Forma un anillo con la masa, decora con frutas escarchadas y hornea a 180°C durante 20-25 minutos.
3. Una vez horneado, rellena con nata o chocolate y decora con azúcar.

# El dia de los muertos



The day of the Dead, or Día de los Muertos, is a vibrant Mexican holiday that honors deceased loved ones, not with mourning, but with celebration and remembrance. It's a multi-day festival, typically celebrated on November 1 and 2, that blends pre-Hispanic Mesoamerican traditions with Christian customs. The holiday is rooted in ancient Aztec beliefs about the return of souls, and it's a time for families to welcome back their loved ones, often through the creation of altars called ofrendas.



El Día de Muertos es una vibrante festividad mexicana que honra a los seres queridos fallecidos, no con luto, sino con celebración y recuerdo. Es un festival de varios días, que se celebra típicamente el 1 y 2 de noviembre, y que fusiona las tradiciones prehispánicas mesoamericanas con las costumbres cristianas. La festividad tiene sus raíces en las antiguas creencias aztecas sobre el regreso de las almas, y es un momento para que las familias den la bienvenida a sus seres queridos, a menudo mediante la creación de altares llamados ofrendas.



Calavera skull mask made with a  
3D printer

## Interview with Toby:

**¿Qué material se utiliza?**

Ácido poliláctico

**¿Cuánto tiempo tomará imprimir?**

A lo sumo 4 horas, pero probablemente 2 horas.

**¿Qué impresora 3D vas a usar?**

Bambu

# Papel picado

**Pick your paper:** Use bright, colourful paper.

**Fold the paper:** Fold it in accordion style (like a fan).

**Cut shapes:** Use scissors to cut shapes or patterns along the edges. You can make stars, hearts, or simple designs.

**Unfold:** Carefully open the paper to see your pretty design.

**Decorate:** Hang your paper picado with string or tape to decorate. Would you like some ideas for simple shapes to cut?

- El papel picado es una tradición mexicana que consiste en decorar espacios con papel cortado en diseños coloridos y elaborados. Se utiliza especialmente en celebraciones como el Día de los Muertos, bodas, y fiestas patrias. Los diseños pueden variar desde patrones geométricos hasta figuras de calaveras, flores y escenas tradicionales.
- ¿Te gustaría que te ayude a crear un diseño de papel picado, aprender cómo hacerlo, o tal vez saber más sobre su historia y significado?





## Getting Creative

This week, our language leaders have been working hard on their magazine themed around festivals and have brought that theme to life through the art of papel picado.

This traditional Mexican folk art involves layering tissue paper and cutting intricate designs that celebrate culture, life and memory. It is especially significant during the Day of the Dead festival in Spain and Spanish-speaking countries. These colourful creations adorn altars and streets, symbolising the fragility of life and honouring loved ones who have passed.



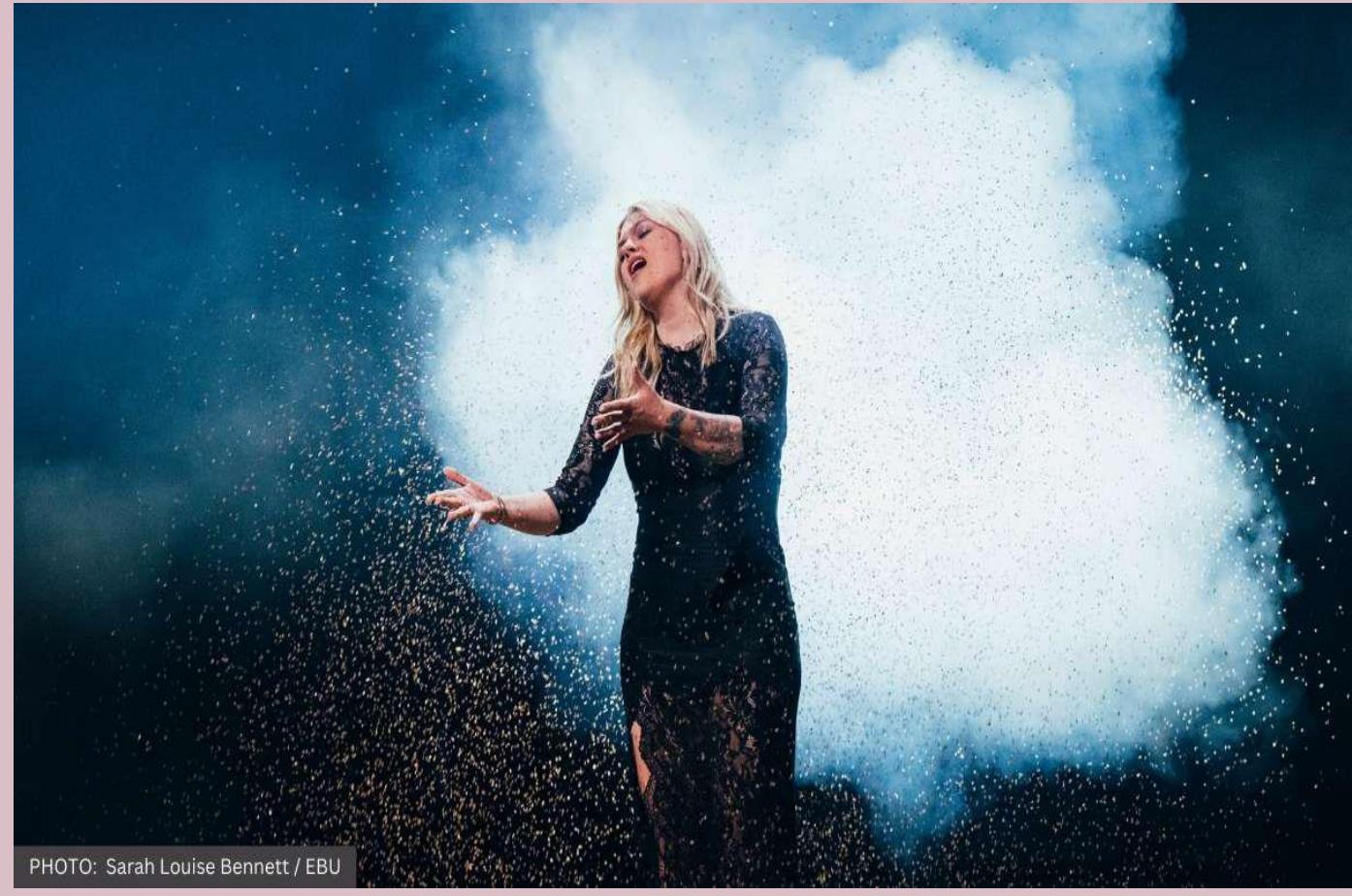
# **Eurovision 2025 Spain and France**

- **Spain Eurovision**

- Spain have participated in every edition of the Eurovision since 1961. They have won twice, in 1968 and 1969. Spain is one of the 'Big Five' countries, this means they qualify for the finals, automatically. This year (2025), Spain was represented by Melody. She sang a song called 'Esa Diva' and they finished in 24th place.

## **France Eurovision**

France have been in the Eurovision 67 times since 1956. They have won 5 times, in 1958, 1960, 1962, 1969 (shared with 3 other countries) and 1977. France is also one of the big 5 countries. This year (2025), France was represented by Louane. Her song was called 'Maman', it was a tribute to her mother and they finished 7th.



# Comidas famosas en España

## PAELLA



Paella's fame stems from its as a social dish and a symbol of Spanish cuisine, particularly in Valencia. It's a dish enjoyed at family gatherings, festivals and even outdoor picnics, fostering a sense of community and celebration. Additionally, paella's unique flavours, vibrant colours and the tradition of cooking it over an open flame contribute to its enduring popularity.

## What is in a paella?

Paella is a Spanish rice dish that originated in Valencia. It is traditionally cooked in a wide, shallow pan called a paellera, and is known for its flavourful combination of rice, saffron, vegetables, and meat or seafood. The name "paella" actually refers to the pan itself, not the dish.



This is from an extract we have read in Spanish lessons

JAVIER: Bien. Vamos a comer paella hoy.

ASHLEIGH: Paella. You're having paella for lunch. What's that?

SARA: Es una comida española. ¡Está muy rica con arroz.

ASHLEIGH: Arroz. Rice. So it's a Spanish rice dish.

SARA: ¿Te vienes?

ASHLEIGH: ¡Sí por favor.

JAVIER: ¡Guay! Para la paella se necesita ajo.

SARA: Una cabeza de ajo por favor. Gracias. Una cabeza de ajo.

ASHLEIGH: Ajo. Una cabeza de ajo. You say a head of garlic for a bulb of garlic in Spanish.

SARA: Una cebolla.

ASHLEIGH: Una cebolla 'Una' and 'un' both mean one.

SARA: Dos pimientos.

ASHLEIGH: Dos pimientos. Dos.

SARA: ¿Rojos o verdes?

JAVIER: Para la paella verdes.

ASHLEIGH: Dos pimientos verdes.

SARA: Dos pimientos verdes.

ASHLEIGH: Verdes. When it's more than one object you add an 's' to the describing word.

SARA: Tres tomates.

ASHLEIGH: Tres tomates. Tres.

SARA: Tres tomates.

JAVIER: ¿O cuatro mejor?

ASHLEIGH: Cuatro. Four. Four tomatoes. The more the merrier.

# Les crêpes

The Languages Club journalists have been busy putting together this year's magazine all about festivals - and what better way to bring it to life than by trying out a traditional Breton crepe recipe this week before the magazine goes to print!

The first batch may have been a bit of a disaster, but the team showed great resilience and the end result was delicious!

The tried and tested recipe will be in the upcoming issue of *La Vie / Vida de Rossett*.



# PAUL BOCUSE



*Quelques faits*



**Nom complet**

**Paul François Pierre Bocuse**

**Date de naissance**

11 février 1926

**Lieu de naissance**

Collonges-au-Mont-d'Or, France

**Décès**

20 janvier 2018

**Surnom**

Le pape de la gastronomie,  
Monsieur Paul

**Formation**

Apprenti chez Fernand Point,  
maître de la cuisine classique  
française

**Récompenses**

Titre de Meilleur Ouvrier de France  
en 1961

**Contributions majeures**

Pionnier de la nouvelle cuisine,  
mettant l'accent sur des  
ingrédients frais de haute qualité et  
des présentations artistiques  
simples

**Livres publiés**

"La Cuisine du marché" (1976), "La  
Journée du cuisinier" (1980), "Toute  
la cuisine de Paul Bocuse" (2011)

# Le fromage français



France is renowned for its rich and diverse cheese heritage, with each region boasting its own unique varieties that reflect the local terroir and traditions. From the creamy Camembert of Normandy to the robust Roquefort of the Midi-Pyrénées, French cheeses are celebrated worldwide for their distinct flavors and textures.

## Diversité

Plus de 1 000 variétés de fromages.

## Régions fromagères

Spécialités comme le Camembert, le Roquefort, le Comté, et le Munster.

## Production

### Appellations d'Origine Protégée (AOP)

Fromages comme le Brie de Meaux, le Cantal, et le Reblochon.

## Consommation

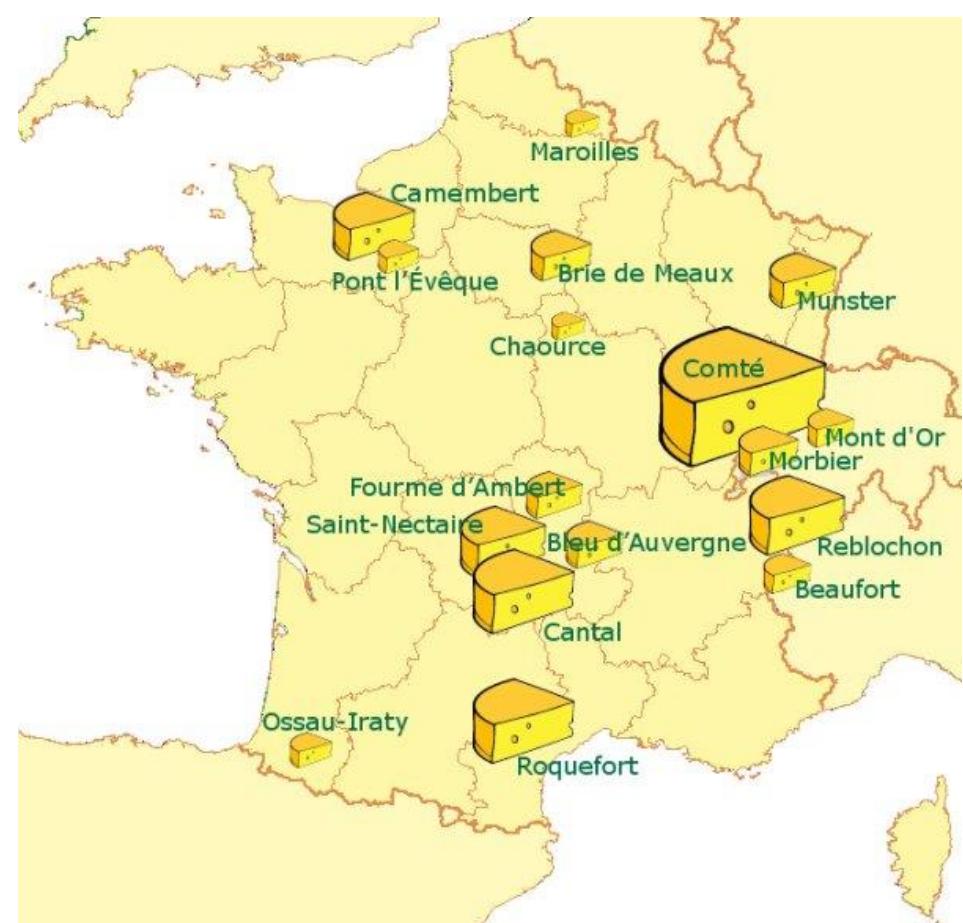
Environ 25 kg par personne par an.

## Événements

Festivals et marchés dédiés au fromage.

## Culture culinaire

Servi en fin de repas, souvent avec du pain et du vin.



# El queso

## Ficha técnica sobre el queso en España



### Diversidad

Cada región española tiene sus especialidades, como el Manchego de Castilla-La Mancha, el Idiazábal del País Vasco, el Cabrales de Asturias y el Tetilla de Galicia.

### Regiones queseras

España es uno de los mayores productores de queso de Europa, con una producción anual de más de 200.000 toneladas.

### Producción

Muchos quesos españoles tienen DOP, garantizando su origen geográfico y método de producción tradicional, como el Queso Manchego, el Queso de Cabrales y el Queso de Mahón.

### Denominaciones de Origen Protegidas (DOP)

Los españoles consumen una media de alrededor de 8 kg de queso por persona al año.

### Consumo

España alberga numerosos festivales y mercados dedicados al queso, como el Festival del Queso en Trujillo y la Feria del Queso en Zaragoza.

### Eventos

# Amazing destinations in Spain

## Valencia

Places to visit in Valencia...

1. Flamenco shows
2. Science museums or historical artefacts
3. The caves of San José



## Barcelona

Places to visit in Barcelona....

1. Picasso Museum Barcelona
2. Playa de Bogatell
3. Ciutadella Park



Facts!!! Valencia actually means valour or bravery. Valencia is best known for its rich history, stunning architecture, vibrant culture and delicious cuisine. Madrid was created around the year of 860 A.C. Madrid has been the capital of Spain since the 17<sup>th</sup> century. Barcelona is the only city to be awarded the royal gold medal for architecture. Barcelona Is home to 9 UNESCO word heritage sites.

# Amazing destinations in France

## Versailles

Things you can do in Versailles...

1. You can go to the Palace of Versailles
2. You can go to historical place such as Petit Trianon
3. You can go to outdoor attractions too, such as the Apollo Fountain



## Lyon

Places to visit in Lyon...

1. Musée d'art contemporain de Lyon
2. Place Bellecour
3. Parc des Hauteurs



## Nice

Things you can do in Nice...

1. You can go to the beach including one called Plage publique de l'opéra
2. You can go to outdoor attractions such as Parc Phoenix
3. You can go to museums such as the Modern and Contemporary Art Museum

Facts!!! Versailles took 40 years to build. Versailles is “one of the greatest achievements French 17<sup>th</sup> century art. Lyon is considered the birthplace of cinema. Lyon is over 2000 years old. Nice is called Nice in honour of a victory offer the neighbouring Ligurians. Nice originally belonged to the Republic of Genoa.

# Spain

10 things you could say  
when coming to Spain...

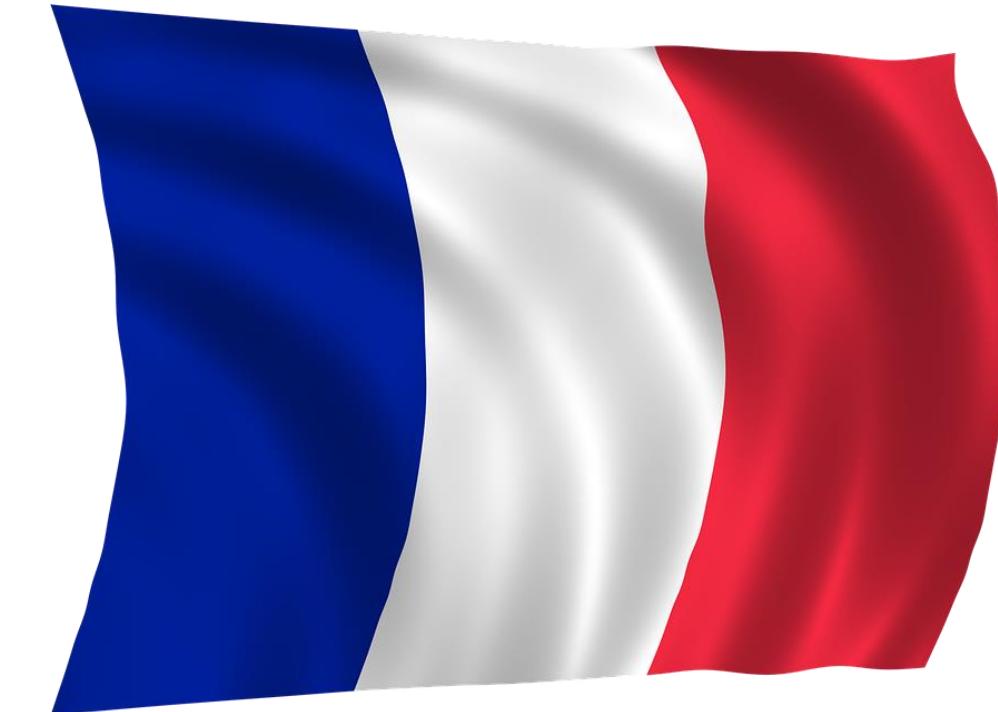
1. Hello=**hola**
2. Goodbye=**adiós**
3. Please=**por favor**
4. Thank you=**gracias**
5. Can I have the bill=? **puedo tener la fractura?**
6. Where are the toilets=**donde estan los baños**
7. How much is this=**cuánto cuesta este**
8. How are you=**cómo estás**
9. I like this=**me gusta esto**
10. I dislike this=**no me gusta esto**



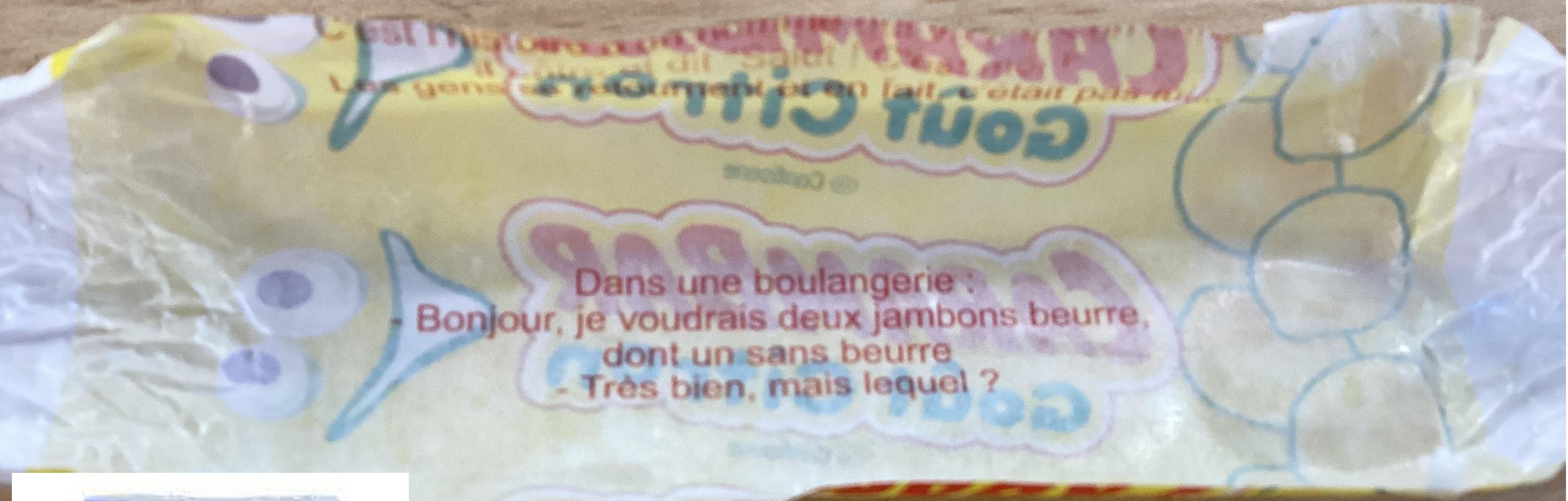
# France

10 things you could say when coming  
to France...

1. Hello=**bonjour**
2. Goodbye=**au revoir**
3. Please=**s'il te plaît**
4. Thank you=**merci**
5. Can I have the bill=? **puis-je avoir la fracture?**
6. Where are the toilets=? **où sont les toilettes**
7. How much is this=? **combien ça coûte**
8. How are you=? **comment vas-tu ?**
9. I like this=**j'aime ça**
10. I dislike this=**je n'aime pas ça**



# Le carambar



Le Carambar, the popular French caramel candy, was created on January 2, 1954, in Marcq-en-Baroeul, France. It originated at the Delespaul-Havez chocolate factory, where André Fauchille, the director, had the idea for an elongated caramel wrapped in a distinctive paper. The name "Carambar" is a contraction of "caramel" and "bar".





French video games  
with asterix.



Informations pour les jeux vidéo

1. Il est basé sur l'époque romaine
2. C'est très drôle et amusant à jouer et cela aide avec votre histoire.

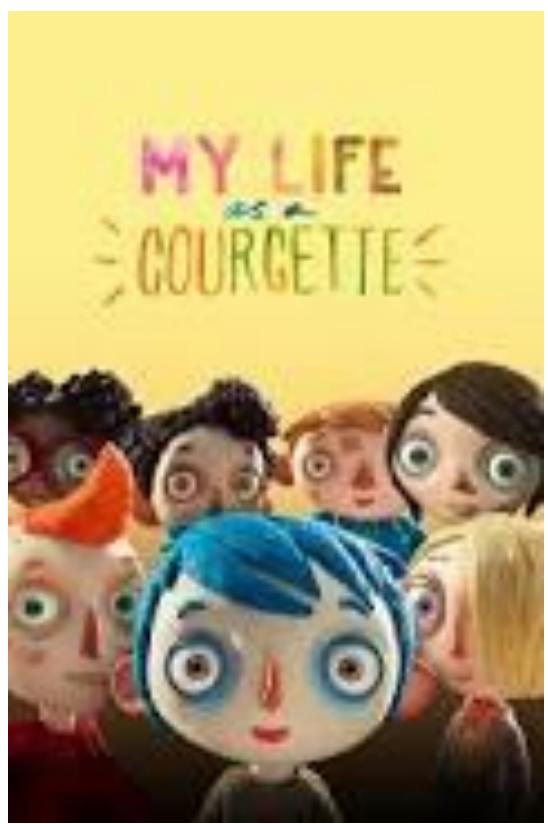
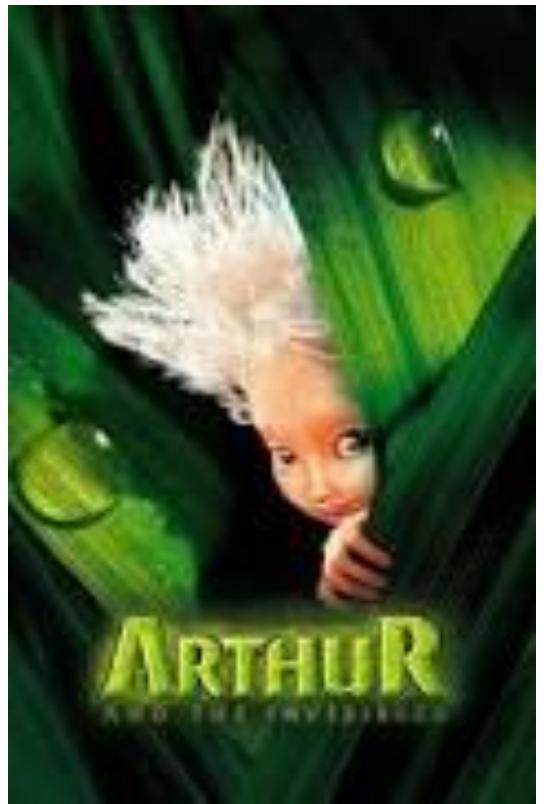
Info for the video games

1. It is based around the Roman times
2. It's very funny and fun to play and helps with your history.

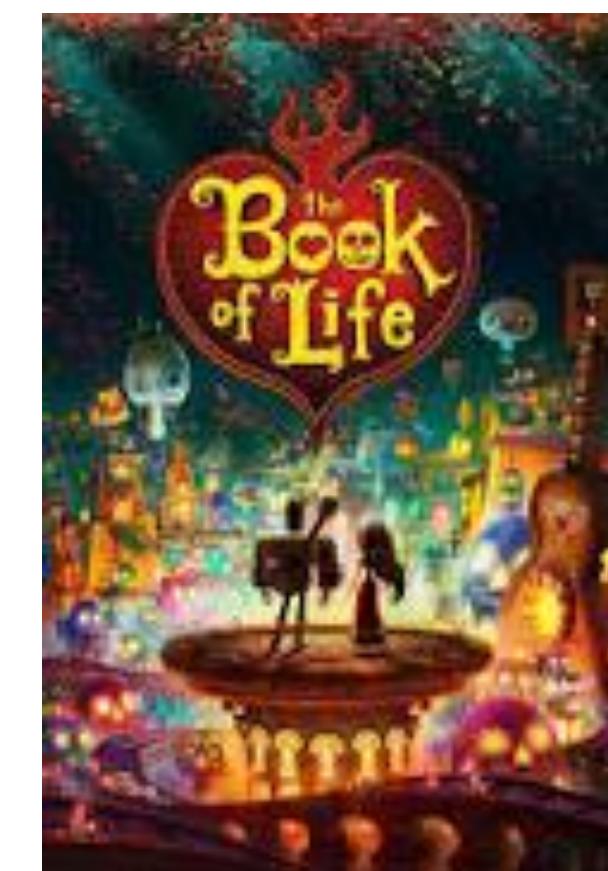
Asterix and Obelix are fictional characters created by René Goscinny (writer) and Albert Uderzo (artist). The stories are set in ancient Gaul (modern-day France), specifically in a small, unconquered village in Armorica (Brittany) around 50 BC. The main characters, Asterix and Obelix, along with their fellow villagers, resist Roman occupation with the help of a magic potion brewed by the village druid, Getafix.



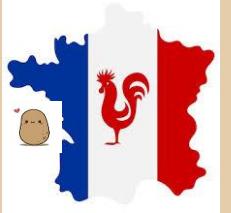
## Des films français ou basés en France



## Películas españolas o en español



# Animals & Their habitats



The national animal of France is the coq gaulois, the rooster. France's association with the rooster comes from a play on words: the Latin word gallus means both "Gallic" and "rooster". That is why its image appears on Gallic coins since ancient times.

Did you know that the rooster has an excellent memory!



Roosters, like chickens, thrive in agricultural environments like grasslands and even urban areas



The noble bull serves as the national symbol of Spain, reflecting the nation's tradition of bullfighting and its agricultural roots. With its symbolic significance deeply ingrained in Spanish culture, the bull remains an enduring emblem of strength and vitality.



## Languages Club Cafe

The Languages Cafe was a huge success on Tuesday, there was a real buzz in the MFL department.

Our amazing Languages Club students hosted the event, interviewing Rossett staff members in Spanish and French for the next issue of their magazine, 'La Vie/Vida de Rossett', focusing on the topic of festivals. And what better day than Mardi Gras to hold our event.

Students had baked and brought in some delicious treats including churros, crêpes, petits beurres, tortas Ines Rosales, madeleines, chocodiles and a special Kosovan cake. They gained confidence with their speaking skills and were delighted to practise with our school community. We're very proud of our linguists and can't wait to see the interviews in the next edition of the magazine.





Quel plat français  
peux-tu cuisiner?



J'ai quelques  
questions sur  
les fêtes...

## Entretien avec Madame Dargie

Ma fête préférée est Noël.

Mon plat préféré est le poisson avec des légumes et pour le dessert le pudding Noël!

Mon meilleur souvenir est quand mon fils a dansé dans son costume de Power Ranger!

Je voudrais célébrer le quatorze Juillet parce que le feu artifice est très joli!

Je peux cuisiner un croque monsieur!

Bonjour  
madame Dargie!



Quelle est ta fête préférée?

Quel est ton plat préféré pour cette fête?

**Quel est ton  
souvenir le  
plus drôle /  
poignant de  
cette fête?**



...un bon  
moment  
passé en  
famille!

iQué gran evento!

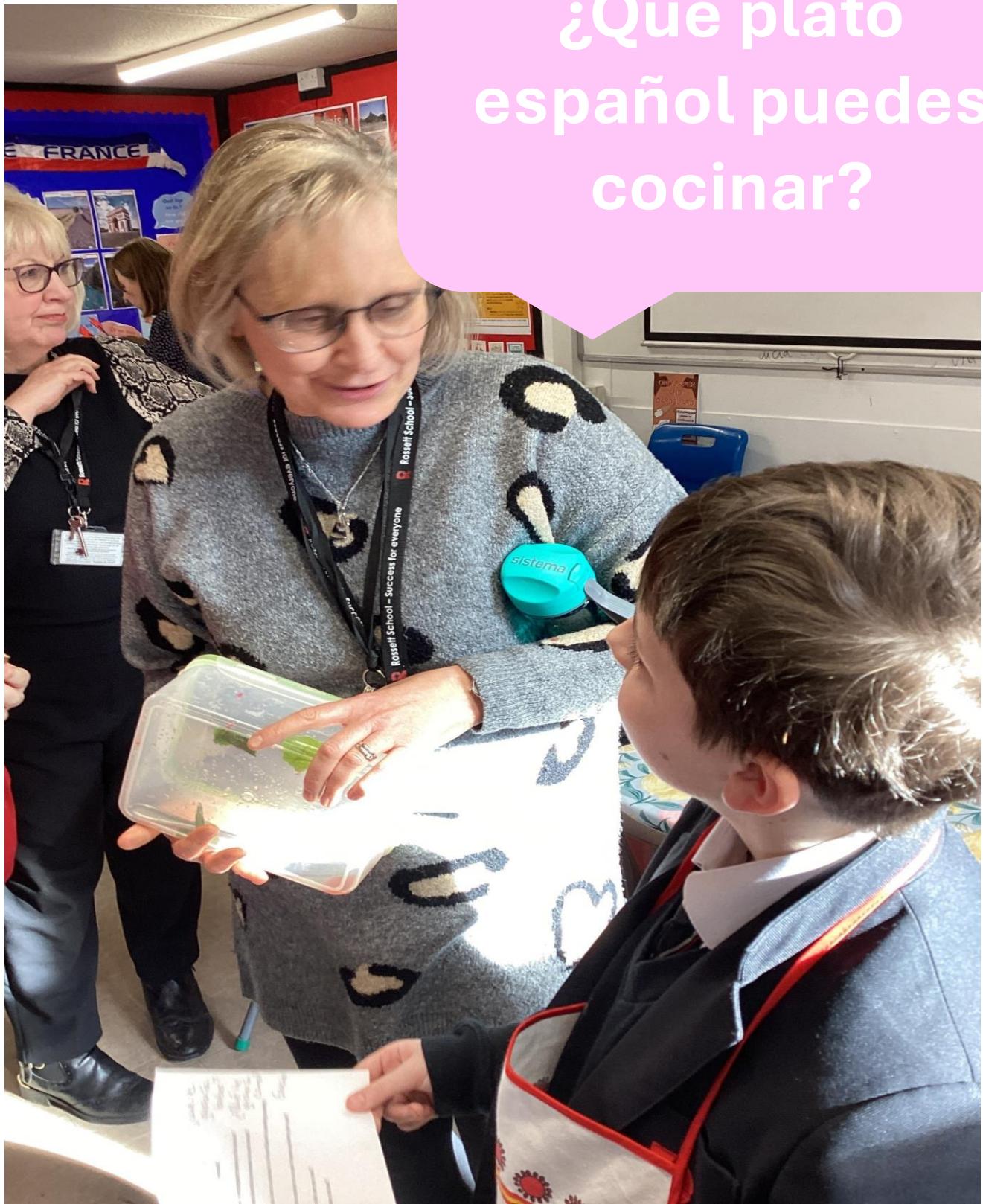


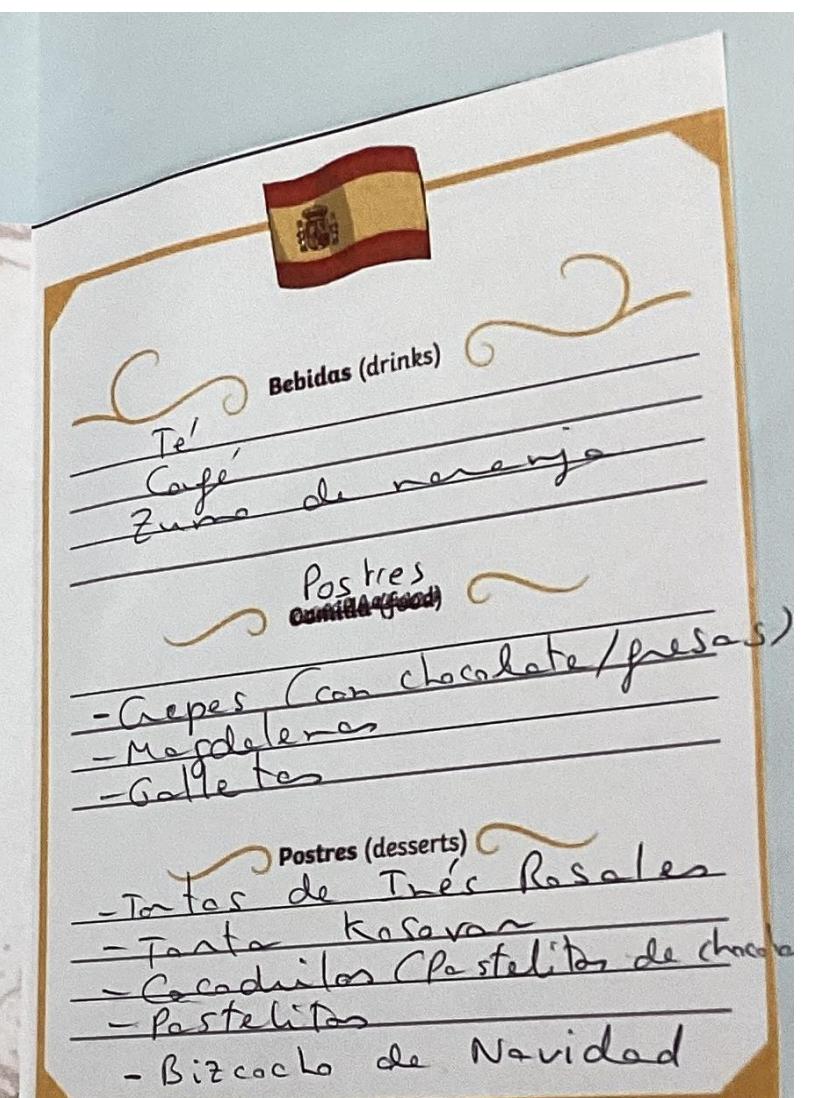
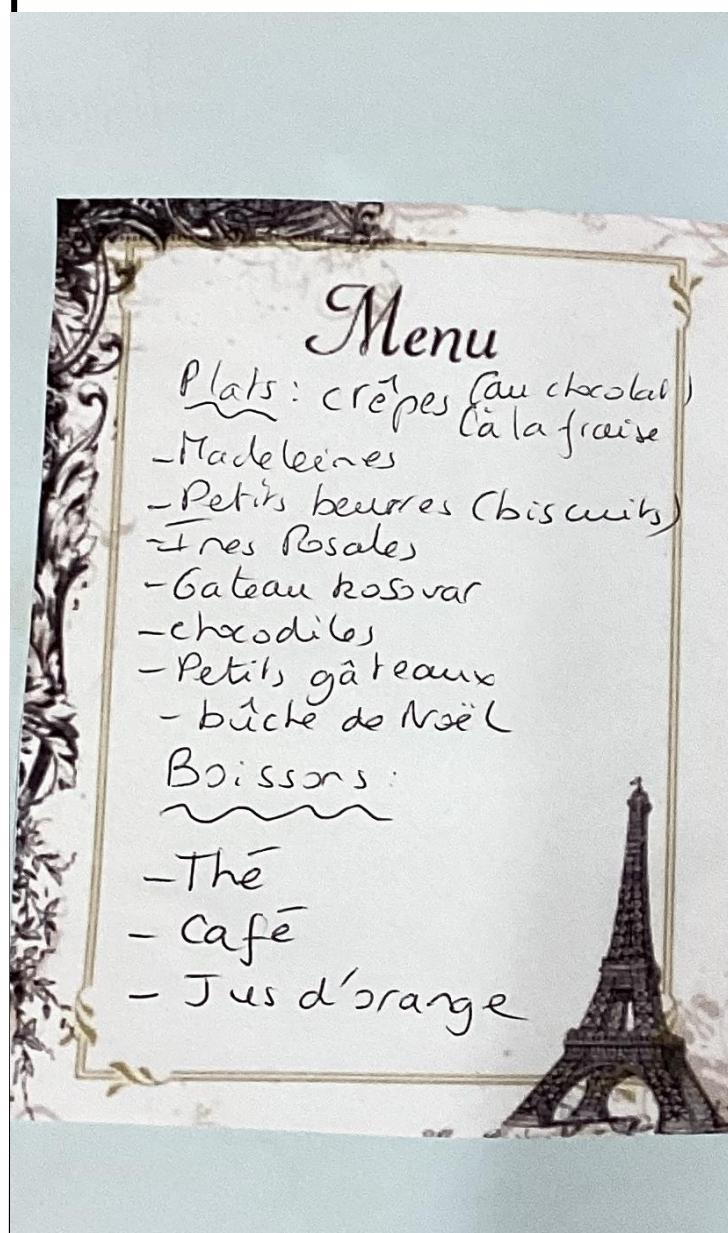


Me gusta mucho el roscón de reyes porque es muy rico.









# competition



SIR STEWAT WILL STEAL THE  
MOON

Find the letters  
on some slides  
that have  
potatoes on

What is the  
Spanish | French  
verb which is the  
potato's name



There are 8  
potatoes and 6  
letters of the  
name/ verb

